

Country

**1 - What is your national Sport?**

2 - The name of one national Sport celebrity and in what Sport?

**3 - Two Sports in your school with most fans?**

4 - Your greatest national club?

**5 - A national/local traditional Sport?**

6 - Name the country's capital.

**7 - Which oceans have a coastline with the country?**

8 - Name the highest mountain.

**9 - Name the city with the largest population.**

10 - What is the longest extension from east to west and north to south?

**11 - What is your national dish? (Write down the recipe)**

12 - What is your national drink?

**13 - Do you consume fresh, canned or frozen food?**

14 - Which group of food is dominant in your daily diet, fat and proteins or fruits and vegetables?

**15 - Do you prepare any particular dishes during religious holidays (Christmas, Easter, Sugar Fest)?**

16 - When was the capital city of your country founded?

**17 - Give the names of five most outstanding historic personalities of your country.**

18 - When was your country first mentioned in historic sources?

**19 - What is the origin of the name of your country/capital city?**

20 - What is the most famous battle your country participated in?

**21 - Name the most popular folklore festival in your country.**

22 - Name the biggest and most popular festival in your town

**23 - Name the festival or festivals which make your country unique.**

24 - Name a popular festival related to the history of your country.

**25 - Name a popular music festival in your capital.**

26 - What famous athlete achieved a great performance for your country and in what sport?

**27 - Name the most famous artist ( writer/ painter / sculptor etc) in your country that is also well known on a global scale.**

28 - What is the name of your most famous scientist/ inventor that has worldwide recognition and what was his/her contribution/invention?

**29 - Who is the most famous musician in your country?**

30 - Name a leader of your country (current or former) which had a significant impact on your nation's history.

31 - Name your national anthem and write it?

**32 - What is your national dance called?**

33 - Name your national musical instrument.

**34 - Name a popular folk music group your country.**

35 - Name a national traditional music organization or competition of your country.

Greece

**1. Football**

2. Galis Nikos, Basketball

**3. Football, Basketball**

4. Panathinaikos F.C.

**5. Greco-Roman wrestling**

6. Athens.

**7. The Mediterranean Sea (Aegean, Ionian, Cretan)**

8. The Olympus Mountain, the residence of the Ancient Greek Gods.

**9. Athens.**

10. The distance from east to west is 900km and north to south is 800 approximately.

**11, Mousakas Ingredients** 3-4 aubergines (egg plants) 5-6 potatoes 1) For the filling 1 kilo of veal minced meat 2-3 onions 3 branches of celery 1 carrot ½ bunch of parsley 2-3 tomatoes (grated) Oil, salt, pepper, thyme 2) For the béchamel sauce 2 tablespoons of butter 2-3 tablespoons of flour 1 liter of milk 1-2 eggs Salt Instructions Cut the aubergines and the potatoes in thick slices, salt them and fry them in plenty of oil Filling Chop the onions, the carrot, the celery and the parsley Fry brown the onion Add the minced meat and stir well Add the carrot, the celery and the parsley Add the tomatoes, the salt, the pepper, the thyme and a little water. Boil until there's no liquid left Béchamel Melt the butter into a casserole Add the flour Add slowly the milk and stir constantly until it gets creamy Add salt Take the pan off the hot plate Beat the eggs and put them in the mixture stirring well. In a baking pan, put a layer of potatoes, then add the filling, put the aubergines on top and finally cover the surface with béchamel. Bake into the oven for 1 hour at 200o C

12. Ouzo

**13. Fresh food mostly.**

14. Fruits and vegetables.

**15. Kokoretsi and Mageiritsa soup (Lamb intestines and offal) at Easter. Cod with garlic sauce on 25th of March. Christopsomo (Christ's Bread) at Christmas. Vasilopita (Santa Claus sweet pie) on New Year's Day.**

16. Athens was the capital of the city-state of Athens in Ancient Greece. It became the capital of the modern Greek state in 1833.

**17. Aristotle and Socrates, the philosophers. Solon, the legislator. Alexander the Great, the victorious army commander. Archimedes and Euclid, the scientists.**

18. 3000 B.C. (Cycladic-Minoan civilization)

**19. Athens was given the name of the ancient Greek goddess Athena, who was the goddess of wisdom and the patron saint of the city.**

20. The Greeks, throughout their history, had given a number of crucial fights on their own or at the side of their allies. However, most people are familiar with the battle of the Hot Gates (Thermopiles), where Leonidas and his handful of Spartans and Plataes resisted the Persian Emperor. It was the ultimate sacrifice in the name of independence and patriotism.

**21. The meeting of Sarakatsanaioi in July.**

22. The Short films festival of Drama in September.

**23. The Ancient Greek Theater Festival in Epidauros every summer.**

24. The Armata Festival in Spetses. September 8th, 1822: A Historical day, for the Greek Nation, an important day for the Spetsiots. An Anniversary of great National and Religious significance.

**25. The Athens Festival in Odeon of Herodes Atticus**

26. Dimas Piros, Gold Medalist in 3 Olympic Games, in Weight Lifting.

**27. Aggelopoulos Theodoros, Director.**

28. Papanikolaou George, he invented the PAP Test for early detection of cancerous and precancerous cells.

**29. Theodorakis Mikis, Xatzidakis Manos, Oscar in Music (“Never on Sunday”).**

30. Alexander the Great.

31. Hymn to Liberty I recognize you by the sharpness, of your fearsome sword, I recognize you by the gleam (in your eyes) with which you rapidly survey the earth. From the sacred bones, of the Hellenes arisen, and strengthened by your antique bravery, hail, o hail, Liberty! Ýmnos is tin Eleftherían Se gnorízo apó tin kópsi tou spathioú tin tromerí, se gnorízo apó tin ópsi, pou me via metrái ti gi. Ap' ta kókkala vgalméni ton Ellínon ta ierá, ke san próta andrioméni, hére, o hére, eleftheriá!

## **32. Kalamatianos**

## **33. Bouzouki**

## **34. Vassilis Saleas (international famous clarinet player) and his band.**

## **35. Doras Stratu Theater.**

Germany

**1. soccer, basketball**

2. Dirk Nowitzki, basketball

**3. soccer, basketball**

4. BVB Dortmund, Bayern Munich, Schalke 04

**5. soccer, basketball, handball**

6. Berlin

**7. North Sea, Baltic Sea**

8. Zugspitze

**9. Berlin**

10. 640 km, 876 km

**11. fried sausage with curry sauce and chips, fry sausage in oil in a pan, cut the sausage into chunks, dip the sausage in a sauce made of ketchup, onions and curry powder, fry potato sticks in oil, serve together**

12. beer, coffee, wine

**13. fresh**

14. mixed

**15. Sauerbraten (marinated beef) with potato dumplings, potato salad with sausages**

16. Berlin, 1244

**17. Martin Luther, Albert Einstein, Willy Brandt, Johann Wolfgang von Goethe, Johann Sebastian Bach, Ludwig van Beethoven**

18. Middle Ages

**19. humid area of marshland**

20. wars are not famous but cruel

**21. Oktoberfest Munich**

22. Essen - original

**23. carnival**

24. middle age market in many towns

**25. Musikfest Berlin with Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra**

26. Bosis Becker, Steffi Graf

**27. Johann Wolfgang von Goethe, Johann Sebastian Bach, Ludwig van Beethoven, August Macke, Günther Grass**

28. Wilhelm Conrad Röntgen, physicist who detected x-rays

**29. Beethoven**

30. Angela Merkel, Helmut Schmidt, Helmut Kohl, Willy Brandt



31. Das Lied der Deutschen, Einigkeit und Recht und Freiheit, für das deutsche Vaterland. Danach lasst uns alle streben, brüderlich mit Herz und Hand ...

**32. Waltz**

33. Guitar, piano, trumpet

**34. Die Flippers, Kastelruther Spatzen**

35. Gema, DSDS

Lithuania

**1. Basketball**

2. Arvydas Sabonis, basketball

**3. Basketball and football**

4. Basketball club "Žalgiris"

**5. Basketball**

6. Vilnius

**7. Lithuania has a coastline with the Baltic sea**

8. The highest mountain is Aukštojas (293,84 m)

**9. Vilnius, with the population 554, 060**

10. East-west 360 km ; north-south 279 km

**11. Cepelinai. They are a type of dumplings made from grated potatoes and usually stuffed with minced meat, although sometimes dry cottage cheese (curd) or mushrooms are used instead.**

12. Gira. It is a non-alcoholic beverage made by the natural fermentation of wheat, rye, or barley bread, sometimes flavoured with fruit, berries, raisins or birch sap.

**13. It depends on family, season etc.**

14. Fat and proteins.

**15. The following dishes are served on Christmas Eve and they are traditional Lithuanian dishes: poppy milk, slizikai or kūčiukai (slightly sweet small pastries made from leavened dough and poppy seed), auselės (deep fried dumplings), cranberry and milk sauce dessert. On Easter Lithuanians have intricately painted Easter eggs for breakfast, roast goose or ham, dessert is often a cake made to resemble a birch log, or cookies shaped and decorated as mushrooms.**

16. 1323

**17. Gediminas, Mindaugas, Vytautas, Maironis, J.Basanavičius**

18. 1009 AD March 9th

**19. The name of our country Lithuania comes from a river that was called Lietava. The name of our capital Vilnius comes from a river that was called Vilnia.**

20. The Battle of Žalgiris (1410)

**21. An international folklore festival which is held every three years in Lithuania. Lithuania organizes it together with Latvia and Estonia.**

22. Amatų dienos (the Crafts Day, every June)

**23. Dainų šventė (The festival of songs)**

24. February 16th (The Day of Independence), March 11th (The Day of Restoration of Independence), July 6th (The State Day, The Day of Coronation of Mindaugas).

**25. Gatvės muzikos diena (The Day of Street Music, takes place every first weekend in September, in Vilnius)**

26. Arvydas Sabonis is a Lithuanian retired professional basketball player. He was an eight-time European Player of the Year, winning the Euroscar Award six times, and the Mr. Europa Award twice, as the best European player and played in a variety of leagues, including seven seasons in the National Basketball Association (NBA) in the United States. He also won a gold medal at the 1988 Summer Olympics in South Korea for the Soviet Union, and later earned bronze medals at the 1992 and 1996 games while playing for Lithuania.

**27. Mikalojus Konstantinas Čiurlionis, a famous painter and composer (1875–1911)**

28. Pranas Jankauskas. He wrote more than 70 scientific works, textbooks and is the author of 37 inventions.

**29. Andrius Mamontovas, a famous Lithuanian singer, the ex-leader of the band “Foje”**

30. Mindaugas, the only king of Lithuania. He united the whole country thus making a significant impact on the further history of Lithuania.

31. Lietuvos himnas. “Tautiška giesmė” by Vincas Kudirka

32. “Klumpakojis”

33. Kanklės

34. Sutaras, Ratilėlis, Lietuva

35. Duokim garo

## Romany

### 1. football

2. Nadia Comaneci – gymnastics. [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nadia\\_Com%C4%83neci](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nadia_Com%C4%83neci). Ilie Nastase – tennis <http://www.atpworldtour.com/Tennis/Players/Na/I/Ilie-Nastase.aspx>. Gica Hagi – football. [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gheorghe\\_Hagi](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gheorghe_Hagi)

### 3. Football, basketball

4. Steaua Bucharest

5. Oina-is a Romanian is a traditional game practiced continuously at least from the 14th century. It's like the other sport games characteristic to other countries, such as the German Schlagball, the Finnish Palsepoolm the French Pauma, the Irish Cluiche Corr. Oina is like baseball, being borrowed from the period in which it was not evolved enough, compared to the contemporary period when oina is an extremely complex game.

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Oin%C4%83>

6. Bucharest

7. Black Sea - 250 km

8. Moldoveanu - Fagaras 2549m

9. Bucharest 2 332 000 inhabitants

10. Romania East-West = 735 km, Romania North-South= 530km

11. Tochitura Ingredients (4 servings): • 1,2 kg pork without bone (or mixed with chicken) • 300 gr of smoked sausages , • 6 cloves of garlic , • 2 mugs of dry white wine , • 4 spoons of lard, • 2 spoons of paprika , • 3 laurel , • 1 teaspoon of thyme , • salt & pepper. For serving:• 2 mugs of maize flour , • 4 eggs, • 4 spoons of salty cheese . Directions:1. Cut the pork and sausages in moderate pieces, 2. Peel garlic and chop them finely, 3. Melt the lard in a large thick pan , 4. Put the pork and fry it. 5. Put the sausages and fry 3 more minutes , 6. Add the garlic and leave it 1 or 2 minutes, 7. Add the 2 mugs of wine,a mug of water and the laurel. 8. Cover and boil it for 50 minutes. 9. Add salt ,pepper,paprika and thyme.Complete with water if it is necessary. 10. Boil it cover for 10 more minutes. 11. Make a mamaliga - polenta(2 mugs of maize flour and 5 of water,salt and a teaspoon of oil) and 4 fried eggs . Tochitura is served with the sauce from the pan,polenta,cheese and fried eggs,with pickles.

12. tuica

### 13. Fresh and canned

14. fat and proteins

15. Cozonac – a cake with nuts, cocoa and raisins . Drob of lamb – Easter –main dish made from chopped lamb entrails ,onion, garlic, eggs, greenery, mixed, wrapped in pastry and baked in the oven. Sarmale – Christmas – main dish made from minced pork mixed with rice, onions, wrapped in cabbage leaves, boiled in a clay pot

16. o 20 September 1459 in a document issued byVlad Țepeș, ruler of Romania, which strengthens the Borough of Dambovită”

17. Vlad Tepes (1431 – 1376), Stefan the Greatest (1443 -1504), Mihai the Brave (1558-1601), King Carol I (1839 – 1914, King Ferdinand (1865 – 1927)

18. o the first document of the Getae belongs to Herodot and dates from 514 BC on the occasion of the expedition of Darius I., o July 6th 1600 Prince Mihai the Brave - ruler of Romania, Transylvania and Moldova, o December 1st 1918 King Ferdinand- the Modern Romania

**19. o The spoken language in Romania is of latin origin the Romunch were known and leaders of armies in time of Nibelungs Population is considered a descendant of the ancient Romans. So...Roman – romin . o Bucur =shepherd who according to legend founded the first settlement with three rocks. ....the settlement of Bucur = Bucuresti**

20. o During the 1944 - 1945, for over nine months, Romania has led some of the most difficult battles in its history for release of lands which didn't belonge and participated heavily at the end of the Second World War. o the Romanian troops (17 divisions of infantry, cavalry and mountain troops, an air corps, two brigades of antiaircraft artillery, chariots, a brigade of railways and many other military units and formations, summing over 260 000 troops) have released over 3,000 locations in Hungary, Czech Republic, Slovakia, Austria, have crossed the mountains thirteen battles, forced eight major water courses (Tisza, Bodrog, Hernadi, Ipoly, Hron, Nitra, Morava and Vah). o the Romanian military losses amounted to over 110,000 soldiers (killed, wounded and missing).

**21. o Festivalul International "Intalniri bucovinene" – Campulung Moldovenesc**  
**<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Egp4EMKa60w>**

22. o Astra Film Festival este cel mai important festival internațional de film documentar din regiunea central și est Europeană.

**23. o Sighisoara Blues Festival**

24. Festivalul International George Enescu Bucuresti / bienal.

[http://www.classicalsource.com/db\\_control/db\\_features.php?id=9540](http://www.classicalsource.com/db_control/db_features.php?id=9540)

**25. Festivalul de Muzica Veche Bucuresti**

26. Nadia Comaneci – the first 10 in gymnastics history in Olympic Games from Montreal 1976.  
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6rJfMn3TUJI>

**27. Constantin Brancusi (1876-1957) – sculptor ( Mademoiselle Pogany, Bird in Space).**  
**<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=30bZhY7jbN0>**

28. Henri Coanda (1886-1972) – jet plane. <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MDaUbsWNXvI>

**29. George Enescu (1881\_1955). <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qTqchZPPB10>**

30. Mihai the Brave. <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G4l1Ay6oik0>

31. Wake up, Romanian! by Andrei Muresanu. <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kov-PvgtDaA>

**32. Hora** –Is a slow rhythm folk dance in which participants take their hands, perform simple steps and forms a closed circle. Is accompanied by whistle and shouts which means life and village events and is intended to collect the entire community. **Calusul** - Is a complex ritual dance connected with fertility and healing , worship an ancient caballine god ,to commemorate the ancestors. The costumes are colorful, ornamented with cords and bells, and the movements are very alert and full of virtuosity. <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tRDtP1rKqqE>

33. Panpipes-a musical instrument made of short tubes of different lengths joined together(the Romanian panpipes in a gently concave line) which you play by blowing across the open ends . Violin with bugle – is a smaller violin which has attached a horn to amplify sounds

**34. Petreus braders**

35. Golden Chrysanthemum Festival

Portugal

**1. Football**

2. Eusébio in football

**3. Futsal and voley**

4. Sport Lisboa e Benfica

**5. Football**

6. Lisbon

**7. Ocean Atlantic**

8. Pico Mountain

**9. Lisbon**

10. 92.391 km<sup>2</sup>

**11. for example the Portuguese stew**

12. Wine Porto

**13. a general fresh meat**

14. Fruits and vegetables

**15. yes**

16. The year 714

**17. Machado Santos, Augusto de Vasconcelos, Manuel de Arriaga, Pimenta de Castro and José Relvas.**



18. 5500 aC

**19. Allis Ubbo**

20. Battle in Aljubarrota Battle in Aljubarrota Battle in Aljubarrota

**21. Baixo Minho**

22. Boom

**23. Rock in Rio**

24. Festival da Eurovisão da Canção

**25. Rock in Rio**

26. Nelson Evora in athletics

**27. scale Luís de Aguiar (painter), Fernando Pessoa (Writer)**

28. The scientist is Bruno Santos Silva, research is the conceção of new therapeutic strategies in the fight against cancer and chronic infections such as tuberculosis or malaria.

**29. Amália Rodrigues**

30. António de Oliveira Salazar

31. “A Portuguesa” Heróis do mar, nobre povo, Nação valente, imortal, Levantai hoje de novo O esplendor de Portugal! Entre as brumas da memória, Ó Pátria sente-se a voz Dos teus egrégios avós, Que há-de guiar-te à vitória! Às armas, às armas! Sobre a terra, sobre o mar, Às armas, às armas! Pela Pátria lutar Contra os canhões marchar, marchar! Desfralda a invicta Bandeira, À luz viva do teu céu! Brade a Europa à terra inteira: Portugal não pereceu Beija o solo teu jucundo O Oceano, a rugir d'amor, E teu braço vencedor Deu mundos novos ao Mundo! Às armas, às armas! Sobre a terra, sobre o mar, Às armas, às armas! Pela Pátria lutar Contra os canhões marchar, marchar! Saudai o Sol que desponta Sobre um ridente porvir; Seja o eco de uma afronta O sinal do ressurgir. Raios dessa aurora forte São como beijos de mãe, Que nos guardam, nos sustêm, Contra as injúrias da sorte. Às armas, às armas! Sobre a terra, sobre o mar, Às armas, às armas! Pela Pátria lutar Contra os canhões marchar, marchar!

## **32. Folklore**

33. small guitar

## **34. Grupo de Folclore do Minho**

35. Associação Música Esperança Portugal

Bulgary

**1. Football, wrestling, basketball, weight lifting, athletics**

2. Stefka Kostadinova-high jump. World record holder and 2 world titles-1987, 1997.

**3. football and basketball**

4. FC CSKA FC LEVSKI

**5. footbal, basketball, gymnastics**

6. Sofia

**7. The Black sea**

8. The Rila Mountain

**9. Sofia-1,3 million people**

10. The longest extension from east to west is 525km.

**11. Shopska Salad**

12. Rakia and red wine

**13. Fresh and canned food**

14. fruits and vegetables

**15. For Christmas we usually have Sarma The dish is stuffed cabbage leaves with mixture of rice, onions, raisins, ground beef and pork and ham.**

16. Sofia-the capital city of Bulgaria was included within the territory of Bulgaria during the reign of khan Krum. Its first name was Serdika. It was founded by the Thracian tribe Serdi at about 3-4 century BC.

**17. -Khan Asparuh /639-701/ The founder of Bulgaria. He managed to unite Slavs and Protobulgarians to establish the country of Bulgaria.**

18. Information about foundation of the Bulgarian state in 681 was first mentioned by the Teofan in his "Chronicles", There he described the battle of Khan Asparuh and the Byzantine emperor Constantine 4 Pogonatus in which Bulgarians won.

**19. The name of our country-Bulgaria comes after the name of the protobulgarians who were a tribe of Turk-Altai ethnic origin and together with the Slavs established the Bulgarian estate.**

20. One of the most famous and important battles our country participated in was the Battle of Shipka Pass. It consisted of 4 battles that were fought between the Russian empire aided by Bulgarian volunteers known as Opalchentsi and the Ottoman Empire for control over the vital Shipka Pass during the Russo-Turkish War 1877-1878. 3100 Russian soldiers and 535 Bulgarian opalchentsi died.

**21. Festival of the roses-Kazanluk : [www.rose-festival.com](http://www.rose-festival.com)**

22. International Folklore Festival "Veliko Tarnovo". [www.folklorefest.com](http://www.folklorefest.com)

**23. Festival of Humour and Satire in Gabrovo**

24. St.St. Cyril and Methodius, Bulgarian Culture and Cyrillic Alphabet's Day

**25. Sofia Music Weeks**

26. Hristo Stoichkov-football

**27. Painter: Vladimir Dimitrov Maistora**

28. John Atanasoff- the man who invented computer

**29. Pancho Vladigerov /1899-1978/**

30. -Kniaz Boris 1 /852-889/. He was the baptizer of Bulgaria. In 885 he gave the disciples of Saints Cyril and Methodius refuge and provided assistance to develop the Slavic alphabet and literature.

31. it [www.youtube.com/watch?v=n7QwMkE-sws](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n7QwMkE-sws)

32. It is called horo This is the site you can watch horos, songs, dances, folklore: [Horo.bg](http://Horo.bg)

33. Name your national music instrument: kaval gadulka

34. National Folklore Ensemble “Philip Kutev”

35. Folklore sabor in the Rhodope village Gela